



**मुर्गी पालन क्षेत्र विकास योजना (2018-23)**  
**AREA DEVELOPMENT SCHEME FOR POULTRY**  
**DEVELOPMENT (2018-23)**



**जिला: नामसै**  
**DISTRICT: NAMSAI**

**राज्य: अरुणाचल प्रदेश**  
**STATE: ARUNACHAL PRADESH**

**राष्ट्रीय कृषि और ग्रामीण विकास बैंक**  
**NATIONAL BANK FOR AGRICULTURE AND RURAL**  
**DEVELOPMENT**

**अरुणाचल प्रदेश क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय**  
**नाबार्ड टावर, बैंक तिनाली, ईटानगर- 791111**  
**Arunachal Pradesh Regional Office, Bank Tinali,**  
**NABARD Tower, Itanagar-791111**  
**Arunachal Pradesh**

## **Introduction**

Enacting the “Arunachal Pradesh Re-organization of District (Amendment) act of 2013” Namsai District carved out of Lohit District as the 18th District of the State vide Govt. of A.P. Notification No. DAD-34/2012(pt). Itanagar on the 23rd July 2014. The district is located between 95.45 to 96.20 E Longitude/27.30 to 27.55 N Latitude and surrounded by Tinsukia District of Assam in the West & South-west, Changlang district in the south & South-east, Anjaw district & Lohit in the East and Lohit in the North. It has a total geographical area of 1597 sq. km.

The district comprised of 5 (five) Administrative Circles namely – Lekang, Namsai, Piyong, Lathao and Chongkham and 3(three) C.D. Blocks namely – Lekang CD Block, Namsai CD Block and Chongkham CD Block.

The local self-government is three tier system with Zila Parishad at District level, Anchal Samiti at Block level/Circle level, Gram Panchayat at village/cluster level. The Zilla Parishad of this new district has not yet been created, and the Lohit District Zilla Parishad is functional for both Lohit and Namsai district.

Namsai district has a sub-tropical climate. The district experiences very heavy rainfall from March to August. The climate of the district varies from place to place. The foot hill area is quite hot during summer (16°C -36 °C) and moderately cold in winter, where as in the higher altitude places, the climate is pleasant during summer but the winter is extremely cold (10 °C-25 °C).

The rainfall of the district is also quite variable. Where Namsai recorded 2780.97 mm of average mean annual rainfall, Lekang recorded maximum of 2492.43 mm and Chongkham has an average mean annual rainfall of 2074.87 mm.

Agriculture is the main activity of the rural people in the district. Apart from agriculture and horticulture, rural people are also engaged in dairy, poultry, handicrafts, small trade, sheep /goat rearing, etc.

Poultry development provides employment in rural as well as urban areas. It supplies nutritive food to consumers in the form of meat, eggs and makes available manure for use by the farmers including fish farmers. Poultry production has made some headway in the district as it requires small space, low capital investment, provide rich returns and has well-distributed turnover round the year.

There is a good demand for poultry products in the district. It has good potential for broiler and layer units. These units can be sustained through sufficient heating arrangements with local low cost methods during adverse weather. The key to poultry farming depends on the availability of good quality day old chicks and feed. For poultry development, investments are being made both for commercial units of 1000 birds and small units of 500 birds. There is a good demand for eggs and meat

in the district and the farmers are not facing any problem in marketing of their poultry products.

The broiler chicken production of our country is growing at the rate of nearly 8-10% every year. The consumption of chicken meat has increased significantly during past two decades. Government is promoting this industry by providing subsidy. India is the third largest broiler-chicken producer in the world produces 3.8 million tons of poultry meat a year. The market is estimated to be worth about Rs 90,000 crore. Per capita chicken consumption in India has been on the rise, with changing eating habits.

Government of India has launched various schemes under animal husbandry sector to encourage banks to finance for diversified activities under dairy, sheep, goat, pig and poultry farming. National Livestock Mission (NLM) is one of these schemes which got overwhelming response among farmers throughout the country.

In view of the above, this Area Development Scheme (ADS) has been prepared for Namsai district for implementation by 8 branches of banks viz., (a) 2 branches of State Bank of India (SBI) located at Namsai HQ and Chongkham, (b) 2 branches of United Bank of India located at Namsai & Mahadevpur, (c) 1 branch of Bank of India at Namsai, (d) 1 branch of ICICI bank at Namsai and (e) 2 branches of Arunachal Pradesh State Co-operative Apex Bank Ltd.(APSCABL) at Namsai & Chongkham during 2017-18 in the district.

The document is prepared through a process of wide consultations with all stakeholders at the district level. Data and information for preparation of ADS were collected from various line departments.

## **2. Forward and backward linkages:**

Total geographical area of Namsai is 1597 sq. Km which is inhabited by 3145 Nos. of households. Population of crossbreed poultry and Indigenous poultry is 92038 Nos. As per the 19<sup>th</sup> Livestock Census held in 2012, there are 7 Veterinary Dispensary, 9 Veterinary aid Centre and 14 Cattle Upgrading Centre. There is also 2 District Poultry Farm in the district. The extension facilities to farmers are available from the animal husbandry department. Day old chicks are available from hatcheries in neighboring Assam. Feed testing facilities not available in the district. Farmers are yet to be encouraged for growing maize, a major ingredient for poultry feed. There is no commercial hatchery in the district. The dominant suppliers of Day Old Chicks are hatcheries located in Assam. Most of the small broiler farming units are dependent upon the middle men for supply of Day Old Chicks, feed, transportation and marketing of birds. (Above data pertains to undivided Lohit & Namsai District).

### **3. Selection of the area:**

The Area Development Scheme for development of poultry sector will be implemented in 178 villages in all the blocks of the Namsai District. All the 8 branches of banks viz., (a) 2 branches of State Bank of India (SBI) located at Namsai HQ and Chongkham, (b) 2 branches of United Bank of India located at Namsai & Mahadevpur, (c) 1 branch of Bank of India at Namsai, (d) 1 branch of ICICI bank at Namsai and (e) 2 branches of Arunachal Pradesh State Co-operative Apex Bank Ltd.(APSCABL) at Namsai & Chongkham will be involved in loaning for successful implementation of ADS scheme.

### **4. Selection of Beneficiaries**

The key to successful implementation of the Area Development Scheme lies in the right selection of farmers. The beneficiaries who will be selected under this project will be those who are already in this activity of Poultry farming at their individual level and have the basic knowledge of the activity. The farmers of all the blocks traditionally take up farming and poultry activity. The identified beneficiaries should have basic knowledge of the activity. However, capacity building of the beneficiaries to manage a poultry unit will be undertaken by KVK and Animal Husbandry Dept.

### **5. Capacity building of the beneficiaries**

There are 7 Veterinary Dispensary, 9 Veterinary Aid Centre in the district. There is also 2 District Poultry Farm in the district. The beneficiaries identified under the project will be given capacity building training on Scientific rearing and management of poultry units at KVK. Efforts will be made to conduct such programmes in collaboration with KVK. If necessity arises at a future date, NABARD may provide budgetary support to conduct training programmes for dairy farmers through KVK and NGOs. (\*Data pertains to undivided Lohit & Namsai).

### **6. Techno economic assumptions & project components**

This project report has been worked out subject to the following conditions:

- Hybrid Broiler Chicks will be purchased from commercial hatcheries for every batch.
- Sale price of finisher birds will change in accordance with change in purchase price of feed & chick.
- Bio-security measures must be strictly adopted.
- The farm must be managed by the entrepreneur on scientific lines.
- Cost of labour has not been taken into consideration since full time labour is not required for the small unit. Family labour will be utilized for maintenance of the farm
- The chicks will have to be arranged from commercial hatcheries and price fluctuation in them be correspondingly accommodated in the final sale price.
- Any increase in the cost of feed shall correlate to the corresponding increase in the sale price of broilers.
- As a bio-security measure against avian influenza all in all out system will be

adopted.

- The scheme is a broad guideline and is likely to vary as per the change in price/cost of various specified items.
- The scheme is workable on the above guidelines if run by the entrepreneur on scientific lines.

### **Housing for broiler chicken**

- Floor – One square feet floor space per bird is required for broiler chicken. The floor of the poultry house should be concrete cemented, strong & rodent proof and have slope towards door. Plinth should be 2ft. higher than ground.
- Walls - Lengthwise wall may be only one foot high, brick wall on sides, 4ft wire netting above brick wall should be supported with angle iron. End wall of poultry house should be made of bricks. Maximum breadth of poultry house should be 27 feet. There should be partition in every 500 square feet.
- Doors – There should be two doors 4ft. wide and 6ft high opposite to each other.
- Roof – 12-14ft. high at the center and 6ft. high on the side wall with 3ft. hang over beyond wall to prevent rain water from entering poultry house and to keep litter dry. Roof should be of asbestos, cement asbestos, or tile.

### **A. Techno economic parameters**

<b>PARAMETERS</b>	<b>VALUE</b>
System of rearing	Deep Litter system
Batch size	1000+5% extra
Batch interval	52 days (45 days rearing + 7 days cleaning period)
Mortality of birds	5%
Cycle size	1000
Cost of day old chick	Rs.47
Cost of kg of feed	Rs.30.00
Cost of equipments( waterers feeders etc.)	Rs.30/bird
Cost of insurance medicine vaccine etc.	Rs.10/bird/year
No of batches/year introduced first year	6
No of batches /year(sold)	6
No of batch introduced 2-5 years	7
No of batch sold 2-6 years	7
Cost of kg of live broiler	Rs.120
Feed conversion ratio FCR	1.68 to 1.72
Average age at selling	39
Average wt. of bird at the time of sale	2kg
Feed requirement to attain 1.8kg body weight	3.5kg
Rearing period	45 days

Cleaning period	One week
Interest rate	12%/year
Repayment period	6 years

## 7. Project cost for dairy unit

ECONOMICS OF BROILER & LAYER FARMING TO PRODUCE 1000 BIRDS PER CYCLE

<b><u>Capital cost</u></b>	<b>Broiler (Amount in Rs.)</b>	<b>Layer (Amount in Rs.)</b>
Construction of Low cost shed cum grower house	70000.00	180000.00
Purchase of brooder cum grower equipment	0.00	105500.00
Equipments for 1000 birds	10000.00	15000.00
Electrification & electrical installation	9750.00	15000.00
<b>TOTAL CAPITAL COST</b>	<b>89750.00</b>	<b>315500.00</b>
<b><u>Working Capital</u></b>		
Cost of 1000 Chicks	47000.00	47000.00
Cost of concentrate feed for 1000 birds	105000.00	105000.00
Misc, expenditure i.e. electricity vaccine medicine insurance etc. including veterinary aid and contingency	5000.00	5000.00
Total working capital	157000.00	157000.00
<b>Total project cost</b>	<b>246750.00</b>	<b>472500.00</b>
Margin money 15% of project cost	37012.50	70875.00
<b>Bank loan In Rs.</b>	<b>209737.50</b>	<b>401625.00</b>

## 8. Financing Agencies

The ADS scheme will be implemented by 8 branches of banks viz., (a) 2 branches of State Bank of India (SBI) located at Namsai HQ and Chongkham, (b) 2 branches of United Bank of India located at Namsai & Mahadevpur, (c) 1 branch of Bank of India at Namsai, (d) 1 branch of ICICI bank at Namsai and (e) 2 branches of Arunachal Pradesh State Co-operative Apex Bank Ltd.(APSCABL) at Namsai & Chongkham.

## 9. Physical and financial programme

Bank-wise physical and financial programme has been given as under:

(Rs. in Lakh)

Year	Bank	Unit Cost	Namsai		Chongkham		Lekhang / Mahadevpur		Total		Remarks
			Phy.	BL	Phy.	BL	Phy.	BL	Phy.	BL	
<b>2018-19</b>											
1	SBI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	2	4.18	3	6.27	Hybrid Broiler
2	SBI Chongkham	2.46		0.00	3	6.27		0.00	3	6.27	
3	UBI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
4	UBI Mahadevpur	2.46		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	1	2.09	
5	BOI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
6	ICICI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
7	APStCABL Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	1	2.09	2	4.18	
8	APStCABL Chongkham	2.46	1	2.09	2	4.18		0.00	3	6.27	
9	SBI Namsai	4.72	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	2	8.02	Hybrid Layer
10	SBI Chongkham	4.72		0.00	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	
11	UBI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
12	UBI Mahadevpur	4.72		0.00		0.00	1	4.01	1	4.01	
13	BOI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
14	ICICI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
15	APStCABL Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
16	APStCABL Chongkham	4.72	1	4.01	1	4.01		0.00	2	8.02	
	<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>20.57</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18.48</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16.39</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>55.44</b>	
<b>2019-20</b>											
1	SBI Namsai	2.46	2	4.18		0.00	2	4.18	4	8.36	Hybrid Broiler
2	SBI Chongkham	2.46		0.00	3	6.27		0.00	3	6.27	
3	UBI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
4	UBI Mahadevpur	2.46		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	1	2.09	
5	BOI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
6	ICICI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
7	APStCABL Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	1	2.09	2	4.18	
8	APStCABL Chongkham	2.46	1	2.09	2	4.18		0.00	3	6.27	
9	SBI Namsai	4.72	2	8.02		0.00	1	4.01	3	12.04	Hybrid Layer
10	SBI Chongkham	4.72		0.00	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	
11	UBI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
12	UBI Mahadevpur	4.72		0.00		0.00	1	4.01	1	4.01	
13	BOI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
14	ICICI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
15	APStCABL Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
16	APStCABL	4.72	1	4.01	1	4.01		0.00	2	8.02	

	Chongkham										
	<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>26.67</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18.48</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16.39</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>61.54</b>	
<b>2020-21</b>											
1	SBI Namsai	2.46	3	6.27		0.00	2	4.18	5	10.46	Hybrid Broiler
2	SBI Chongkham	2.46		0.00	3	6.27		0.00	3	6.27	
3	UBI Namsai	2.46	2	4.18		0.00		0.00	2	4.18	
4	UBI Mahadevpur	2.46		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	1	2.09	
5	BOI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
6	ICICI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
7	APStCABL Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	1	2.09	2	4.18	
8	APStCABL Chongkham	2.46	1	2.09	3	6.27		0.00	4	8.36	
9	SBI Namsai	4.72	2	8.02		0.00	1	4.01	3	12.04	
10	SBI Chongkham	4.72		0.00	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	
11	UBI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
12	UBI Mahadevpur	4.72		0.00		0.00	1	4.01	1	4.01	
13	BOI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
14	ICICI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
15	APStCABL Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
16	APStCABL Chongkham	4.72	1	4.01	1	4.01		0.00	2	8.02	
	<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>12</b>	<b>30.86</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>20.57</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16.39</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>67.81</b>	
<b>2021-22</b>											
1	SBI Namsai	2.46	4	8.36		0.00	2	4.18	6	12.55	Hybrid Broiler
2	SBI Chongkham	2.46		0.00	3	6.27		0.00	3	6.27	
3	UBI Namsai	2.46	2	4.18		0.00		0.00	2	4.18	
4	UBI Mahadevpur	2.46		0.00		0.00	2	4.18	2	4.18	
5	BOI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
6	ICICI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
7	APStCABL Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	1	2.09	2	4.18	
8	APStCABL Chongkham	2.46	1	2.09	3	6.27		0.00	4	8.36	
9	SBI Namsai	4.72	2	8.02		0.00	1	4.01	3	12.04	
10	SBI Chongkham	4.72		0.00	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	
11	UBI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
12	UBI Mahadevpur	4.72		0.00		0.00	1	4.01	1	4.01	
13	BOI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
14	ICICI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
15	APStCABL Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
16	APStCABL Chongkham	4.72	1	4.01	1	4.01		0.00	2	8.02	
	<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>32.95</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>20.57</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18.48</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>72.00</b>	
<b>2022-23</b>											
1	SBI Namsai	2.46	5	10.46		0.00	2	4.18	7	14.64	Hybrid Broiler
2	SBI Chongkham	2.46		0.00	4	8.36		0.00	4	8.36	



3	UBI Namsai	2.46	2	4.18		0.00		0.00	2	4.18	
4	UBI Mahadevpur	2.46		0.00		0.00	2	4.18	2	4.18	
5	BOI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
6	ICICI Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00		0.00	1	2.09	
7	APStCABL Namsai	2.46	1	2.09		0.00	1	2.09	2	4.18	
8	APStCABL Chongkham	2.46	1	2.09	3	6.27		0.00	4	8.36	
9	SBI Namsai	4.72	2	8.02		0.00	1	4.01	3	12.04	
10	SBI Chongkham	4.72		0.00	1	4.01		0.00	1	4.01	
11	UBI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
12	UBI Mahadevpur	4.72		0.00		0.00	1	4.01	1	4.01	
13	BOI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
14	ICICI Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
15	APStCABL Namsai	4.72		0.00		0.00		0.00	0	0.00	
16	APStCABL Chongkham	4.72	1	4.01	1	4.01		0.00	2	8.02	
	<b>Sub Total</b>		<b>14</b>	<b>35.04</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>22.66</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>18.48</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>76.18</b>	
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>57</b>	<b>146.08</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>100.76</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>86.12</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>332.96</b>	

Hybrid Layer

**Note: Bank Loan @ 85% of TFO**

*NB: As per the discussion with the branch managers of several banks it was understood that majority of the financing under poultry sector is towards Hybrid Broiler. There are no proposals for Hybrid layer received by them. Therefore, projections under Hybrid Layer may be interchanged with Hybrid Broiler on case to case basis by the banks.*

## 10. Project Profitability

The project profitability for six years has been projected as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars / Years	I	II	III	IV	V	VI
<b>I.</b>	<b>Income (Rs.)</b>						
i	From sale of Broiler	340000.00	360000.00	380000.00	400000.00	420000.00	440000.00
ii	From sale of manure	6000.00	7000.00	8000.00	9000.00	10000.00	11000.00
	Total Income	346000.00	367000.00	388000.00	409000.00	430000.00	451000.00
<b>II</b>	<b>Expenditure (Rs.)</b>						
i	Cost of Chicks	47000.00	50000.00	55000.00	60000.00	65000.00	70000.00
ii	Cost of Feed	105000.00	122500.00	122500.00	122500.00	122500.00	122500.00
iii	Misc. exp. If any	5000.00	5100.00	5202.00	5306.04	5412.16	5520.40
	Total Expenditure	157000.00	177600.00	182702.00	187806.04	192912.16	198020.40
	<b>Gross Surplus (Rs.)</b>	<b>189000.00</b>	<b>189400.00</b>	<b>205298.00</b>	<b>221193.96</b>	<b>237087.84</b>	<b>252979.60</b>

## 11. Financial Analysis

The financial analysis for a period of six years has been given as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars / Years	I	II	III	IV	V	VI
<b>I.</b>	<b>Cost (Rs.)</b>						
i	Capital Cost	89750.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ii	Recurring Cost	157000.00	177600.00	182702.00	187806.04	192912.16	198020.40
iii	Total Cost	246750.00	177600.00	182702.00	187806.04	192912.16	198020.40
<b>II</b>	<b>Benefits (Rs.)</b>						
i	Income	346000.00	367000.00	388000.00	409000.00	430000.00	451000.00
ii	Closing Stock Value						
	Total Benefits	189000.00	189400.00	205298.00	221193.96	237087.84	252979.60
	Net Benefits	189000.00	189400.00	205298.00	221193.96	237087.84	252979.60
	Discount Factor						0.51
	PW of Cost at 12% DF	125011.23	89977.69	92562.52	95148.38	97735.30	100323.30
	PW of Benefit at 12% DF	95753.28	95955.93	104010.36	112063.74	120116.08	128167.34
	Net Present Value						55308.31
	Benefit Cost Ratio (BCR)						1.09
	Internal Rate of Return (IRR) of the Scheme						>12%

## 12. Sensitivity Analysis & SWOT analysis

### (I) Sensitivity analysis

By assuming 5% increase in cost and 5% decrease in benefits, NPV, BCR and IRR has been worked out and presented in a tabular form

Sr. No.	Years / Particulars	I	II	III	IV	V	VI
i	Total cost after 5% increase	259087.50	186480.00	191837.10	197196.34	202557.77	207921.42
ii	Total benefits after 5% reduction	179550.00	179930.00	195033.10	210134.26	225233.45	240330.62

### (II) SWOT analysis

#### a. Strengths:

- i) In the scheme area other supplementary activity will be added which will enhance farmers' income and thereby help in doubling the farmers' income.
- ii) Adequate availability of forward and backward linkages in the scheme area.

#### b. Weaknesses:

- i) Inadequate awareness among the farmers on scientific farming of poultry.
- ii) Limited market for sale of poultry and non-availability of poultry farm in the area.

#### c. Opportunities:

- i) Growing demand for meat & eggs from consumers in the area due to increasing in income level.
- ii) Good road connectivity and Proximity to Assam will help in getting greater access to market.

**d. Threats:**

- i) Frequent Changes in Govt. policy leading to adverse procurement price.
- ii) Prolong Monsoons adversely affect the poultry sector.

**13. Repayment Period**

Year	Income (Rs.)	Expenses (Rs.)	Gross Surplus	EMI Instalments	Net Surplus
I	346000.00	157000.00	189000.00	113400.00	75600.00
II	367000.00	177600.00	189400.00	113640.00	75760.00
III	388000.00	182702.00	205298.00	123178.80	82119.20
IV	409000.00	187806.04	221193.96	132716.38	88477.58
V	430000.00	192912.16	237087.84	142252.70	94835.14

**14. Implementation and Monitoring**

This scheme is expected to be implemented through the active cooperation of all stakeholders and thereby able to achieve increase in production of meat & eggs through adoption of scientific method. Bankers are expected to be extend finance under the scheme. Review of the implementation of the scheme in DCC/DLRC meetings.

**15. Conclusion**

Poultry farming play an important role in Farmer’s income in the Namsaidistrict. The development of poultry sector would lead to enhancement of income of the farmer in the district. Supply of good quality chicks will help in increasing the production of meat thus will help in increasing the farmers’ income in the district. Moreover setting up of adequate number of veterinary dispensaries and poultry farms will also help in taking good care of chicks. Diversifying the farming and take necessary measures to increase the productivity and monetary returns that farmers get from their produce which require infrastructure development and also price support.

Poultry farming in all the blocks of district is already traditionally practiced and in great demand. Scientific rearing of poultry with proper marketing network will help in achieving Govt. of India’s aim for Doubling of Farmers income by 2022.